Institutional Distinctiveness (Session 2016-17)

The college is situated in the unique semi urban setup, surrounded by rural agricultural belt. It has been catering the higher education to the rural students within a circle of 50 km. The campus is lush green sprawled in 16 hectare. It has well maintained agricultural research farm, dairy farm.

The dairy farm contains one covered and two open sheds with a capacity of 25 animals per shed, two stores for fodder and feed and other infrastructure for maintenance of the cattle. The dairy department is running a Diploma in Dairy Technology under IGNOU New Delhi that is serving a dual purpose of increasing job prospects as well as self-employment for the rural students.

The college has strong sports facilities as well as potential rural students. The sports facilities in the campus includes: 400 meter standard track (kaccha), high jump pit, well equipped wrestling stadium, a big gymnasium, a multipurpose hall that can be used for playing kabbaddi, kho- kho, volleyball, hand ball and table tennis. Along with these facilities college also has badminton court, Tennis court and a cricket ground.

There is a big auditorium which could be counted as heritage building, as it is architecturally monumental and oldest building in the college.

Since the word" VEDIC" is integral part of the college name, it has tried to keep the vedic culture alive. The college has an operational Yagyashala performing yagna on auspicious occasions since 1997.

The college has big library with separate sections for science, humanities and agriculture, with a reading room of more than 200 students. The library has more than 99,000 books, 20,000 reference books, 2663 Journals, Delnet membership, 24 magazines and 60 newspapers, kiosk with online library management system.

The Department of Chemistry of the college has research collaboration with Professor Michael Odilius, Dept of Physics Stockholm University, Sweden. The research is being carried out in the field of quantum dots.

The college is rich biodiversity Centre especially for plant species. There are more than sixty tree species and many medicinal plants, such as camphor, neem, rudraksha, bombax, khirni, kumbhi, palash, harshringar, lichi, sitaashok, kachnar, Jamun, Harad, Amla, katipatta, maulshri, pakad, bargad, varun, kathal, sarpgandha, sagwan, etc.